HUMAN VALUES REPORT



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VISIT TO SLUM AREA



In a recent visit to a slum area at the outskirts of Jaipur, many things were observed.

One of the most shocking fact discovered was that no civil society group/government officials had ever visited them, I wondered.

In my first sight of the area, I saw a child playing, not with modern area toys, but with plastic bags, garbage, etc.

"Slum is a place which lacks hygiene and other facilities."

PROBLEMS THEY FACE



- Garbage and Filth We have dumps of garbage everywhere. The dumped waste gives foul smell and at the same time becomes breeding ground for flies and mosquitoes which carry several diseases with them.
- Miserable Toilets There were no proper toilets and bathrooms for them. The toilets were in pathetic conditions. Plenty of them had no doors and had no latches. Some of them were without tap connection. Toilets were full of filth and human excreta as water supply through pipes were not working.

- Cramped Houses It's difficult to even imagine the living conditions
 of the houses they live. Six to eight people share a cramped room.
 There house emit a very smell. Just a few hours in those slums made
 us feel suffocated. We were imagining how anyone could spend
 their whole life there.
- Conventional Cooking They do not have proper kitchen and gas or cylinder for cooking. They use conventional cooking system. Some people have ration card and some don't. Even after having ration card, they don't get ration every month and whenever they get, they use to get less than ration limit.
- Sanitation Sanitation condition was so unhygienic there and no proper drainage or pits are available. They don't have proper toilets.
 Waste is accumulated everywhere in that area. This condition is an invitation to various kinds of diseases.
- Tattered Clothes They do not have proper clothes to cover their body and the clothes which they have are tattered and in a very bad condition. Also they do not have slippers or shoes; they used to walk bare foot.

SOLUTIONS

- **Population Control** Population in India has been increasing rapidly. For removal of poverty, growth rate should be controlled.
- Increase in Employment Small scale and cottage industries should be developed in rural areas to generate employment. Agriculture should be developed.
- Problem of Distribution The public distribution system (PDS)
 should be strengthened to remove poverty. Poor section should get
 food grains at subsidiary rates in ample quantity.
- Production Technique India should adopt labour intensive technique of production. We should have technical development in our economy in such a way that labour resources could be fully employed.
- Stability in Price Level Stability in prices helps to remove poverty.
 If prices continue to rise, the poor will become poorer.
- Agriculture Agriculture should be developed to remove poverty.

 Rapid rate of growth of agriculture production will help to remove urban as well as rural poverty.

VALUES

- · Love
- Kindness
- Respect
- Challenge
- Sharing



CONCLUSION



The government has not taken serious efforts to directly and effectively address the problems of poverty.

Several NGOs and groups of people are working to reduce poverty in India but somewhere they do not work in proper direction.

These poor and slum area people were deprived from various facilities.

Their children did not get proper education and other facilities. They do
not get proper clothes to wear and food to eat. Children, at the small age
go to work in very hazardous places and earn their living.

"Rich becomes rich and poor becomes poor, the gap between rich and poor is increasing."

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